

Revision nr.4 Dated 6/30/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 1 / 14 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 5/25/2022)

### **Safety Data Sheet**

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

#### 1. Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**TITANIUM FLOWING** Code: Product name TITANIUM FLOWING

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use **UV** putty

**Identified Uses** Industrial **Professional** Consumer ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**TENAX SPA** Name Via I Maggio, 226 Full address (VR) **District and Country** 37020 Volargne Italy +39 045 6887593 Tel +39 045 6862456 Fax

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

Supplier: **Tenax Usa** 

7606 Whitehall Executive Center Drive Suite 400, 28273 Charlotte NC, US

Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 7045833166

info@tenaxusa.com

msds@tenax.it

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Infotrac

US and Canada: 1-800-535-5053

Int'l: 1-352-323-3500 info@infotrac.net

#### 2. Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

#### Classification and Hazard Statement

Flammable liquid, category 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute toxicity, category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,

category 1 Eye irritation, category 2

Skin irritation, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,

category 3

Skin sensitization, category 1

Hazard pictograms:

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.









## **TENAX SPA**

### TITANIUM FLOWING

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#### 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H372

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eve irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

H317

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P264 Wash the hands thoroughly after handling. P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / lighting / . . . / equipment. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention. Call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . . / if you feel unwell. P312 P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P330 Rinse mouth

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water / . . .

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

#### 2.2. Other hazards

Environmental classification as for Reg. (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP):

The product is classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

Classification and Hazard Statement

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard statements:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

Storage:

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.



### **TENAX SPA TITANIUM FLOWING**

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#### 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Additional hazards Information not available

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Classification: Identification x = Conc. %

STYRENE

601-026-00-0  $49 \le x < 51$ Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361, INDEX

> Acute toxicity, category 4 H332, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 H372, Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335, Hazardous to the aquatic

environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412

EC 202-851-5 CAS 100-42-5

REACH Reg. 01-2119457861-32 **METHYL METHACRYLATE** 

INDEX 607-035-00-6  $2 \le x < 2.5$ 

Flammable liquid, category 2 H225, Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Specific

target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335, Skin sensitization,

category 1 H317

FC 201-297-1 CAS 80-62-6

01-2119452498-28-XXXX REACH Reg. **DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE** 

Acute toxicity, category 2 H300, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Hazardous  $0.7 \le x < 1$ 

to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412

254-075-1 FC CAS 38668-48-3 REACH Reg. 01-2119980937-17

methacrylic acid

607-088-00-5 INDEX  $0.7 \le x < 1$ Acute toxicity, category 3 H311, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute

toxicity, category 4 H332, Skin corrosion, category 1A H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,

category 3 H335

EC 201-204-4 CAS 79-41-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119463884-26

OCTABENZONE

 $0.1 \le x < 0.4$ Skin sensitization, category 1 H317

217-421-2 EC CAS 1843-05-6 REACH Reg. 01-2119557833-30

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### 4. First-aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<sup>\*</sup> There is a batch to batch variation



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Information not available

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### METHYL METHACRYLATE

Heat may cause the product to polymerise, which could lead to explosion.

Combustion products: mainly COx

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

#### 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.



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#### 7. Handling and storage .../>>

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Regulatory References:

USA NIOSH-REL NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.

USA OSHA-PEL Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.

USA CAL/OSHA-PEL California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits

(PELs).

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2022

methacrylic acid									
Threshold Limit Value									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
CAL/OSHA	USA	70	20			SKIN			
NIOSH	USA	70	20			SKIN			

TRIETHANOLAMINE								
Threshold Limit Value								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV-ACGIH	-	5						
CAL/OSHA	USA	5						

METHYL METHACRYLATE									
Threshold Limit Value									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15i	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH	-	205	50	410	100				
OEL	EU		50		100				
OSHA	USA	410	100						
CAL/OSHA	USA	205	50	410	100				
NIOSH	USA	410	100						

STYRENE									
Threshold Limit Value									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH	-	10		20					
OSHA	USA		100		200				
CAL/OSHA	USA	215	50	425	100	SKIN			
NIOSH	USA	215	50	425	100				

Legend

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

STYRENE

 $Sampling\ methods: https://amcaw.ifa.dguv.de/substance/methoden/004-styrene\_2016.pdf$ 



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#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS** 

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

HAND PROTECTION: Protect hands with work gloves for protection from chemical agents in nitrile or fluoroelastomer (EN 374-1: 2016) at least type B or higher based on the risk assessment carried out by the company. Breakthrough time> 480 minutes.

Material thickness: NITRILE

short contact> 0.38 mm prolonged contact> 0.55 mm FLUOROELASTOMER short contact> 0.50 mm

prolonged contact> 1.50 mm

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Information

Appearance liquid

Colour TRANSPARENT-BLUE

Odour aromatic

Odour threshold not available pH not available

non-polar/aprotic (eg: an organic solvent

Melting point / freezing point not available

Initial boiling point > 35 °C (95 °F)

Boiling range not available
Flash point 29.4 °C (84,92 °F)

Evaporation rate not available Flammability not available Lower inflammability limit not available Upper inflammability limit not available Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available Vapour pressure not available Vapour density not available Relative density g/cm3

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available
Auto-ignition temperature not available
Decomposition temperature not available

@EPY 11.5.1 - SDS 1004.14

Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is



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9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Viscosity

Explosive properties Oxidising properties

>20,5 mm2/sec (40°C) not available

not available

9.2. Other information

VOC: 51,81 % - 518,05 g/litre

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### **STYRENE**

Polymerises at temperatures above 65°C/149°F. Fire hazard. Possibility of explosion.

Added with an inhibitor that requires a small amount of dissolved oxygen at temperatures < 25°C/77°F.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### METHYL METHACRYLATE

May polymerise on contact with: ammonia,organic peroxides,persulphates.Risk of explosion on contact with: dibenzoyl peroxide, diterbutyl peroxide, propional dehyde. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents. Forms explosive mixtures with: air. STYRENE

May react dangerously with: peroxides, strong acids. May polymerise on contact with: aluminium

trichloride, azobisisobutyronitrile, dibenzoyl peroxide, sodium. Risk of explosion on contact with: butyllithium, chlorosulphuric acid, diterbutyl peroxide, oxidising substances, oxygen.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### METHYL METHACRYLATE

Avoid exposure to: heat,UV rays.Avoid contact with: oxidising substances,reducing substances,acids,bases.

#### STYRENE

Avoid contact with: oxidising substances, copper, strong acids.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### STYRENE

Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

#### METHYL METHACRYLATE

When heated to decomposition releases: harsh fumes, zinc alloys.

#### 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

**STYRENE** 

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

@EPY 11.5.1 - SDS 1004.14



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#### 11. Toxicological information .../>>

#### **STYRENE**

The acute toxicity by inhalation at 1000 ppm affects the central nervous system with headache and dizziness, lack of coordination; irritation of the eye and respiratory tract mucous membranes occurs at 500 ppm. Chronic exposure causes depression of the central and peripheral nervous system with loss of memory, headache and drowsiness starting at 20 ppm; digestive disorders with nausea and loss of appetite; irritation of the respiratory tract with chronic bronchitis; dermatosis. Repeated exposure, at low doses of inhaled substance, causes irreversible changes to hearing and may cause changes in colour vision. No certain data is available on the reversibility of the visual impairment. Repeated skin exposure causes irritation. The substance degreases the skin, which can cause dryness and cracking.

#### Interactive effects

#### **STYRENE**

The metabolism of the substance is inhibited by ethanol. When styrene is photo-oxidised with ozone and nitrogen dioxide, as in the formation of smog, products highly irritating for the human eye may ensue.

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

methacrylic acid

 LD50 (Oral):
 1350 mg/kg Ratto

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 500 mg/kg Coniglio

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 7.1 mg/l/4h Ratto

METHYL METHACRYLATE

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 5000 mg/kg

 LD50 (Dermal):
 5000 mg/kg

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 29.8 mg/l/4h

**STYRENE** 

LD50 (Oral): 5000 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 11.8 mg/l/4h Rat

DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE

LD50 (Oral): > 25 mg/kg rat LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg rat

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

#### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

#### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Carcinogenicity Assessment: 100-42-5 STYRENE ACGIH:: A4 IARC:2B

NTP: Reasonably Anticipated

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

ACGIH:: A4 IARC:3

102-71-6 TRIETHANOLAMINE

IARC:3

#### **STYRENE**

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2002). Classified as "probable carcinogen" by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP) - (US DHHS, 2014).

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11. Toxicological information .../>>

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Causes damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: >20,5 mm2/sec (40°C)

#### 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

methacrylic acid

LC50 - for Fish 85 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss

EC50 - for Crustacea > 130 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 20 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish 10 mg/l Danio rerio

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 53 mg/l Daphnia magna

METHYL METHACRYLATE

LC50 - for Fish 130 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea 69 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 110 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish 9.4 mg/l Brachydanio rerio

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 37 mg/l Daphnia magna

DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE

LC50 - for Fish 17 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio

EC50 - for Crustacea 28.8 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 245 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

methacrylic acid Rapidly degradable

METHYL METHACRYLATE

Solubility in water 15300 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Tenax

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12. Ecological information .../>>

**STYRENE** 

Solubility in water 320 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE

7000 mg/l Solubility in water

NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

methacrylic acid

0.93 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

**BCF** 

METHYL METHACRYLATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1.38

**STYRENE** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.96

74 **BCF** 

DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE

2.1 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

12.4. Mobility in soil

METHYL METHACRYLATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 0.94

STYRENE

2.55 Partition coefficient: soil/water

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

#### 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

#### 14. Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1866

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#### 14. Transport information .../>>

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: **RESIN SOLUTION RESIN SOLUTION** IMDG: IATA: **RESIN SOLUTION** 

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: Ш

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Limited Quantities: 5 L ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-E Limited Quantities: 5 L IATA:

Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366 Passengers: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355

Special provision: A3

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

#### 15. Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### U.S. Federal Regulations

All components of this product are listed on US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are exempt from the listing / notification requirements.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 **STYRENE** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.



## TENAX SPA TITANIUM FLOWING

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#### 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:

No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

EPCRA 313 TRI:

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

RCRA Code:

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

Massachussetts:

79-41-4 methacrylic acid

102-71-6 TRIETHANOLAMINE

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

Minnesota:

79-41-4 methacrylic acid

102-71-6 TRIETHANOLAMINE

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

New Jersey:

79-41-4 methacrylic acid

102-71-6 TRIETHANOLAMINE

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

New York:

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

Pennsylvania:

79-41-4 methacrylic acid 102-71-6 TRIETHANOLAMINE

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

California:

79-41-4 methacrylic acid

80-62-6 METHYL METHACRYLATE

100-42-5 STYRENE

## Tenax

## TENAX SPA TITANIUM FLOWING

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#### 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Proposition 65:

WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or reproductive harm.

100-42-5 STYRENE

NSRL / MADL (µg/day)

Hazard type Oral Dermal Inhalation Intravenous Note

Carcinogenicity 27

International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

#### 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

**H361** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H300Fatal if swallowed.H311Toxic in contact with skin.H302Harmful if swallowed.H332Harmful if inhaled.

**H372** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eve irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act



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#### 16. Other information .../>>

- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

#### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

#### Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 05 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 14.